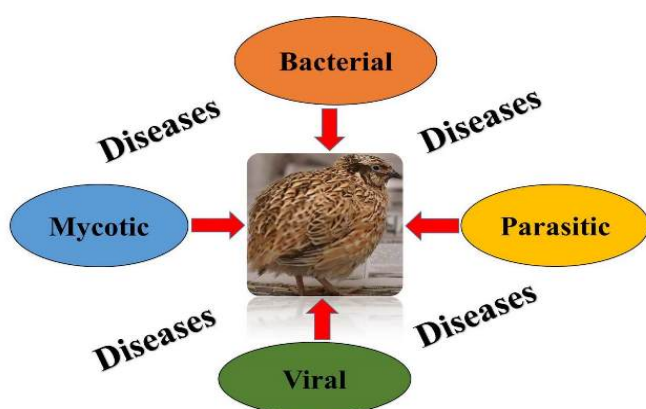


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Volume 9 (4); December 25, 2019 [[Booklet](#)] [[EndNote XML for Agris](#)] 



Abd El-Ghany WA (2019). A Comprehensive Review on the Common Emerging Diseases in Quails.
J. World Poult. Res., 9 (4): 160-174. <http://iwpr.science-line.com>

Review

A Comprehensive Review on the Common Emerging Diseases in Quails.

Abd El-Ghany WA.

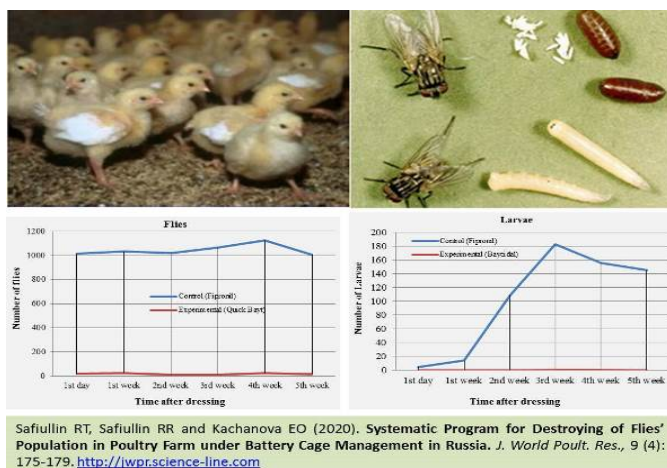
J. World Poult. Res. 9(4): 160-174, 2019; pii: S2322455X1900021-9

DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.36380/jwpr.2019.20>

ABSTRACT: The poultry industry is considered an important sector that meets the great demand for protein sources all over the world. Now, quails are recognized as promising and important alternative species with many advantages over other poultry species. In many countries around the world, quail meat has achieved great popularity as a good source of protein and other important nutrients. However, there are some limitations and challenges to quails production. One of them is the susceptibility to some viral, bacterial, mycotic and parasitic diseases that can adversely affect quails. Many of the diseases that affect quails cause severe economic losses in quail industry due to a decrease in growth performance, poor feed conversion, reduction in hatchability, increased mortality and treatment costs. There are limited research and literature dealing with different disease and conditions affecting quails. Therefore, the aim of this work was to present a comprehensive review of the most important emerging diseases affecting quails worldwide.

Keywords: Bacteria, Virus, Mycosis, Myctoxicosis, Parasites, Quail

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Research Paper

Systematic Program for Destroying of Flies' Population in Poultry Farm under Battery Cage Management in Russia.

Safiullin RT, Safiullin RR and Kachanova EO.

J. World Poult. Res. 9(4): 175-179, 2019; pii: S2322455X1900022-9

DOI: <https://dx.doi.org/10.36380/jwpr.2019.21>

ABSTRACT: Favorable conditions for development, reproduction, and accumulation of large amounts of zoophilous flies in commercial poultry farms are caused by incomplete compliance with veterinary and sanitary rules for growing in cage facilities. The purpose of the study was to test a systematic insecticidal program for destroying flies' populations using adulticide and larvicide drugs in poultry farms under battery cage management. The number of imago flies in hen houses was dynamically evaluated using flypapers, six flypapers in each hen house, situated in different levels above the floor. Flypapers were removed and the number of stuck insects was counted. The number of larvae was evaluated in dynamics by specimen testing from the floor area 10x10 cm, with weight of 3-5 g. The Quick Bayt WG 10% was applied to destroy the imago of flies. Baycidal® WP 25% was used against larvae of flies. Complex insecticide program Quick Bayt WG 10% + Baycidal® WP 25% provided the opportunity to destroy flies, with a significant difference in intensefficacy, (98.3 % for adult flies and 99.8 % for larvae). Furthermore, this program had a positive impact on economic indicators of meat production of broilers. The present study demonstrated high preventive efficacy and economical efficacy of complex program against flies under battery cage broiler management.

Keywords: Adulticide, Economical Efficacy, Fly Larvae, Intensefficacy, Larvicide, Zoophilous Flies

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Adejola YA, Sobayo RA, Muhammad SB, Ayoola AA and Jinadu KB (2019). Effects of *Moringa oleifera* and *Garcinia kola* with or without Grits on Haematological and Serum Biochemical Parameters of Broiler Chickens. *J. World Poult. Res.* 9 (4): 180-186. <http://www.science-line.com>



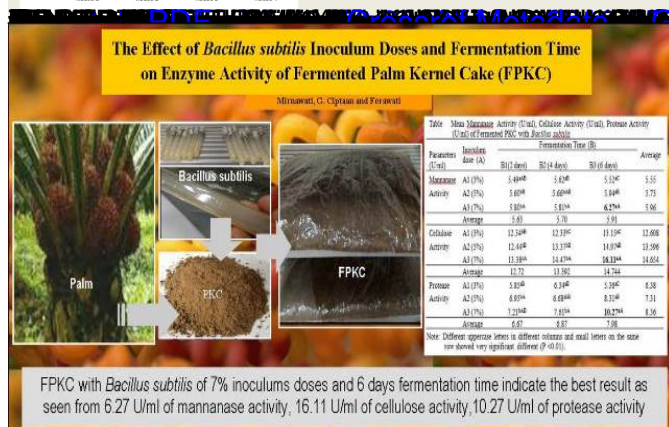
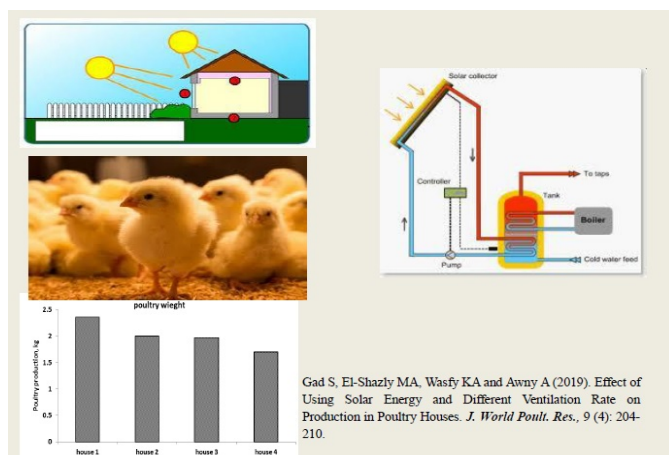
Handayani UF, Wizna, Suliandah I, Rizal Y and Mahata ME (2019). The Evaluation of Dietary Addition of Palm and Coconut Oils in Steaming Tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum*) Waste Powder on Digestibility of Crude Fiber and Retention of Lycopene and Nitrogen in Broiler Chickens. *J. World Poult. Res.* 9 (4): 187-195. <http://www.science-line.com>

The antibody immune response against NDV significantly reduced in birds infected with *Aspergillus fumigatus*.

Aspergillosis and aflatoxins suppress immune responses that may facilitate the infection of broilers with other microbial infections, leading to considerable economic losses in the poultry industry.

Ab response to NDV	No. of infected birds / total birds	Age of bird at time of blood collection	Mean Ab	SEM	SD	P-value
Maximal Ab against NDV in group A and B	10/40	10 days old	2295.1	1754	255.27	36.7
Ab response NDV 6 days PV in group A	10/20	16 days old	1022.5	474.1	14.1	9
Ab response NDV 6 days PV in group B	10/20	16 days old	3087.3	777.7	53.7	3

Al-Azawy AKh and Al-Ajeeli KS (2019). The Effect of *Aspergillus fumigatus* Infection on Antibody Immune Response to Newcastle Disease Virus in Broiler Chickens. *J. World Poult. Res.* 9 (4): 196-203. <http://www.science-line.com>



Mirawati, Ciptaan G and Ferawati (2019). The Effect of *Bacillus subtilis* Inoculum Doses and Fermentation Time on Enzyme Activity of Fermented Palm Kernel Cake. *J. World Poult. Res.*, 9 (4): 211-216. <http://iwpr.science-line.com>



Tsega KT, Maina JK and Tesema NB (2019). Probiotics and Poultry Gut Microflora. *J. World Poult. Res.*, 9 (4): 217-223. <http://iwpr.science-line.com>

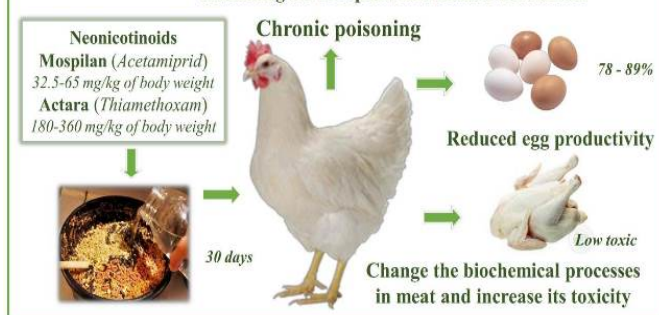
History and Current Situation of Commercial Ostrich Farming in Mexico

Islas-Moreno A and Rendón-Medel R (2019). *J. World Poult. Res.*, 9 (4): 224-232. <http://jwpr.science-line.com>



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Experimental study of feeding laying hens with the feed, containing the Mospilan and Actara insecticides



Dukhnytskyl V, Bazaka G, Sokolyuk V, Boiko P and Ligomina I (2019). *The Effects of Mospilan and Aktara Insecticides in the Feed on Egg Production and Meat Quality of Laying Hens.* *J. World Poult. Res.*, 9 (4): 233-239. <http://jwpr.science-line.com>

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